If you want to reach the people in the homes in Alexandria and its suburbs place your announcements in the Gazette. If your goods and prices are right you will get the customers.

Alexandria Gazette.

THE WEATHER.

For this section fair; colder tonight; Wednesday fair.

VOL. CXXXIV—No. 7. ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA, TUESDAY JANUARY, 8 1918. PRICE ONE CENT.

BACK YARD GARDENS

Benefits Obtained Through Their Cultivation in Communities in Various Parts of the Country.

Richmond, Jan. 8.—The State Council of Defense will shortly send a circular letter to manufacturers and other employers of labor in Virginia calling their attention to some results achieved by mill owners in North and South Carolina in the way of reducing the cost of - living to their employees through the development of home and back yard gardens.

This sounds like a proper spring or summer story, but according to statistics authoritatively collected by the office of Farm Management of the United States Department of Agriculture, just received by the Virginia Council, winter gardens are helpful, too, especially if, in connection with the garden a cow and some chickens are kept.

The Council's letter will emphasize the following in addition to other facts:

The gardens are small in size, averaging about one fourth of an acre, but they supply the family with vegetables for six months in the year, and longer in case of winter gardens. In one town one-third of the gardens averaged $48 worth of vegetables per garden, at 1915 local prices. The good gardens were only one-tenth of an acre larger and cost only $1 more to cultivate than the poor gardens. Careful planning and attention brought the best results. These gardens were for home consumption principally, although the vegetables sold readily when placed on the local market.

Every family with even a very small yard can do as well as these cotton-mill families have done in back-yard food production. Few homes are found where the conditions and opportunities are not as favorable, and very often they are better.

In the cotton mill towns where these investigations were conducted there are rows and rows of cottages occupied at low rent by those who work in the factories. Each house has a small patch of land for a front yard and a tiny tract in the rear. As these industrial sections grow it became apparent that home gardens would better the economic conditions of the community. Accordingly some mills employed demonstration agents and conducted experiment farms to encourage their employees to have home gardens. The space around each cottage was provided primarily for gardening purposes, and in addition some employers set aside a pasture immediately adjoining the mill villages for free pasturing of the employees cows. Another mill owner gave the services of a purebred dairy bull to his employees who owned their cows. In another village the mill owner offered prizes for the best garden.

In nine different mill villages in North and South Carolina, records were taken of 548 gardens, 156 poultry flocks, 74 cows, and 62 hogs. Instances of poor management as well as of the good were included in these cases, and the result is considered a fair average. The average value of vegetables raised in the gardens was $29.87. Prices, of course, would be higher at the present time. The average size of the gardens was one-fourth of an acre. The average cash cost per garden was $3.54, of which $1.51 was for labor and seed and $0.52 for fertilizer. The labor expended was limited practically to the cost of having the garden plowed and furrowed.

Of 144 families who had gardens ranging between 300 and 499 square yards in size, 86 produced on an average nearly $50 worth of vegetables, considerably more than they paid for rent per year. It was found that the best success on a limited area involved careful planning so as to have as much space as possible for each class of vegetables. The proper succession of vegetables must be known. Late vegetables may be planted between rows of early vegetables, allowing the late vegetables to grow while the early one are maturing. Individual attention and knowledge of gardening are essential to success.

Bulletins giving the necessary detailed gardening information may be secured from the United States Department of Agriculture, or from state experiment stations.

One of the best winter garden crops found in these communities was collards, a variety of kale. These were grown on about one-fourth of the gardens visited in the cotton-mill towns. Turnips, sown after the other vegetables are removed, were also grown for winter greens.

It was found that a large number of families in these towns keep small flocks of poultry, usually of mixed breeds and with poultry houses of a temporary and inexpensive type. The average size of the flocks was between thirteen and fourteen fowls, with an average egg yield of 86 dozen. The total average expenditure per flock for eggs, fowls, wire, and feed was $16.22 and the average return was $30.42 per flock, a net average of about $1 per fowl. Labor costs and interest on investment is not charged against the flock in these figures. The labor was performed by the family, and the interest on the investment was negative.

In most cases the feed consisted largely of a cracked corn and other cereals. Table scraps were fed to the poultry, although this is not included in the feed cost. Twelve flocks were fed wholly on the table and garden waste. Unlike the average farm flock, the fowls in these towns were not able to run about and find their own feed, being penned the greater part of the year to keep them from running on the gardens.

In most of the cotton-mill villages the mill worker was encouraged to keep a cow. Frequently pastures just outside the village were available for the free use of families having a cow, and these were found to be fully utilized. In some villages the mill companies put up substantial stalls for sheltering the cows."

NEW CAMP AT BELVOIR

Homes to be Built There for Sixteen Thousand Engineers—Must be Ready in Three Months.

According to reports emanating at Washington late yesterday afternoon the military camp at Belvoir, below Mount Vernon, is to be enlarged sufficiently to accommodate any where from sixteen to thiry one thousand more soldiers. One report which appeared in the Washington Post this morning said:

"For the purpose of training 16,000 engineers for overseas duty the War Department yesterday authorized the construction of an army cantonment at Belvoir, Va. The camp is to be completed in three months, but troops will be sent there just as oon as accommodations are arranged for in smaller units. No commander for the post has been named. The camp is to be more in the nature of a post-graduate school than for permanent concentration. Highly trained engineer officers of the American, French and English armies will act as instructors. Drafted men who by their training are qualified for engineer work also be sent to this new camp."

The Washington Times today contained the following: At Belvoir there is already a small camp of engineers housing about a thousand men. When the new camp is completed that number will be increased by 31-,000, all to be trained as engineers.

The situation is ideal for the purpose for which it has been selected. It is on a broad plain by the side of the Potomac river, sixteen miles below the city, and offers wide, level spaces for the erection of barracks and other camp buildings. The nearness of the river makes the drainage problem a simple one, and also offers a means of transportation independent of railroads for the bringing up of the lumber and other materials necessary for construction.

The site is interesting to all who have studied the history of this part of the country. It is now known as "the old White House Tract," and was at one time part of the lands owned by George Washington in his estate at Mt. Vernon, nearby. Before that time it was the property of Lord Fairfax, one of the old landed proprietors of Virginia and the founder of the county that still bears his name.

It abounds in old relics dating from times before the Revolutionary war. Officials at the War Department say that the public need not fear their destruction, as every care will be taken for their preservation during and after the work of camp construction.

Belvoir, which must not be confused with another place of the same name in Fauquier county, Va., can be reached from Washington by the Mt. Vernon trolley lines and also by railroad. Both the trolley and the railroad do not approach the camp itself, going only to Accotink, which is distant from the camp by two miles.

Trasportation to and from the camp for the engineers now there is furnished by the War Department in the shape of a steamer on the river and by motor truck trains. As the camp grows in size and the number of its occupants increases, the system will be expanded to meet the increased demand.

Highly trained engineering officers of the American army and French and English officers will act as instructors.

No particular troops are designated for assignment to Camp Belvoir, it was stated at the War Department, and there probably would be no large movement from any of the present cantonments to fill it.

Capt. R. E. Carter, in command of the small garrison now stationed at Belvoir, will continue in command temporarily.

Alexandria City and Suburbs

The Willard W. C. T. U. will hold its meeting tomorrow afternoon at 8 o'clock at 109 South Alfred street.

The Circuit Court for the city, Judge J. B. T. Thornton, adjourned yesterday until Tuesday, the 15th instant.

Owing to the severe winter weather there will be no meeting of the 17th Virginia Chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, until the second Wednesday in February.

The annual meeting of the members of the First Baptist church will be held tomorrow (Wednesday) evening at the usual hour for holding the prayer meeting service. The entire membership is asked to be present.

Mrs. H. P. C. Mayo, who has been the guest for the past two weeks of Miss Gwendolen Tugman, 5537 Malcolm street, West Philadelphia, Pa., is now the guest of Mrs. A. B. Tugman, 1331 Vermont Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Definite arrangements for the observance of the birthday of General Robert E. Lee, which occurs on January 19th, were not decided upon at the meeting of the members of R. E. Lee Camp held last night, owing to the inability of quite a number of them to attend the meeting. The matter is still under advisement.

The funeral of Seymour B. Stoughtenburgh, whose death occurred at Pittsburgh, Pa., will be held tomorrow morning from St Mary's Catholic church at 9:30 and the body will be interred in St. Mary's cemetery. The deceased was a son of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Stoughtenburgh of Alexandria and was about 30 years old. He had been a resident of Pittsburgh for some time.

Decrees of divorce, on the grounds of desertion, were placed on record in the Circuit court in this city yesterday afternoon as follows: Anna A. Burke against Spencer E. Burke; Hattie against John Henry Everett; James E. Ridgeway against Minnie A. Ridgeway; Mildred Graham Bradt against Alexander G. Bradt; Eva Virginia Harman against James Edward Harman, and Annie I. Gable against Oliver A. Gable. The following decree has also been handed down in the Corporation court: Dorothy D. Hollan against Edward G. Hollan.

Through the kindness and courtesy of the Hill Directory Company Inc., of Richmond, Va., the following city directories are on file at the Chamber of Commerce. As an evidence that this service is appreciated during the past year year 468 persons visited the office to examine the directories and 820 telephone calls for information therefrom were answered. Alexandria, La.; Alexandria, Va.; Argenta, Ark.; Atlanta, Ga.; Baltimore, Md.; Bristol, Tenn.; Bristol, Va.; Charleston, S. C.; Charlottesville, Va.; Chicago, Ill.; Durham, N. C.; Fayetteville, N. C.; Goldsboro, N. C.; Greensboro, N. C.; Hampton, Va.; Hartford, Conn.; Hopewell, Va.; Kinston, N. C.; Lawrence, Mass.; Lincoln City, Neb.; Little Rock, Ark.; Lowell, Mass.; Lynchburg, Va.; Macon, Ga.; Mobile, Ala.; Newark, N. J.; New Bern, N. C.; New Haven, Conn.; Newport News, Va.; New York, N. Y.; Norfolk, Va.; Old Point, Va.; Petersburg, Va.; Philadelphia, Pa.; Phoebus, Va.; Pittsburgh, Pa.; Portland, Ore.; Raleigh, N. C.; Richmond, Va.; Roanoke, Va.; Rocky Mount, Va.; Savannah, Ga.; Staunton, Va.; Taunton, Mass.; Virginia Business Directory and Gazetteer; Washington, D. C.; Wilmington, N. C.; Wilson, N. C.

There was no session of the Police Court this morning.

Mr. Charles E. Meade has returned to Camp Lee, Petersburg, Va., after a short visit to his mother, in Cameron street.

The first meeting of the City Council since December 12 will be held tonight. The business which will come before the two bodies will doubtless be of a general nature.

Troop No. 1, of the Alexandria organization of Boy Scouts last night elected the following officers for the new year: Troop Committee, Gardner L. Boothe, J. D. Howell and R. R. Stansbury; treasurer Mrs. J. D. Howell; scoutmaster, Harry W. Rudd; scribe, Harry Lyles; patrol leaders, L. Didzoneit, M. Bruin, Grayson Hinton, Harold Plankett and Lester Brenner. After the election Scoutmaster Rudd announced to the troop the new honor conferred upon members of the organization of Boy Scouts of America constituting them Government dispatch bearers, concerning which President Wilson recently said: "I desire to enlist the Boy Scouts of America with a new and important commisson—to make them dispatch bearers in carrying to the homes in their communities pamphlets on the war prepared by the committee on public information. The excellent services performed by the Boy Scouts in the past encourages me to believe that this new task will be cheerfully and faithfully discharged. As an official government dispatch bearer, every Scout will be given a credential card and detailed instructions as to just what to do."

"The Silent Man."

Wm. S. Hart, who will be seen at the Richmond tonight in "The Silent Man," is the foremost delineator of western types in the world. His stories are founded upon the great west as it was.

Hart plays the role of a miner who is defrauded of his property. How the scoundrels are worsted is shown in this story, which teems with action and sensational incidents, carrying suspense to the last scene.

"The Silent Man," was produced under the supervision of Thomas H. Ince, the master director, who is devoting all his attention to Hart plays for Artcraft.

"The Man Who Was Afraid," at the Surprise tonight is a story of a "slacker," who made good. The "slacker," was a mama's boy. Because she was afraid for him to go to war he resigned from the National Guard. His friends renounced him. The girl he loved spurned him. Lashed to a frenzy, he hurled his mother from him and joined his regiment at the front. The enemy threatened to annihilate them. A volunteer was called to risk his life to go for reinforcements. The "slacker" was the first to step forward. After a thrilling ride, and a hand-to-hand conflict, he saved the day.

Norfolk Oysters, Hampton Bar and Potomac River oysters. J. Brill No. 2 King street.

ISSUES ULTIMATUM.

President Gompers Sends Official Notice to United Hebrew Trade Association.

New York, Jan. 8.—The American Federation of Labor virtually has issued an ultimatum to the United Hebrew Trades, forbidding the latter from harboring independent bodies of workers or supporting unions that secede from the federation. Samuel W. Gompers presided at a conference of committees representing the United Hebrew Trades and the Central Federated Union, to consider a resolution adopted at the recent national convention of the federation, which required the Hebrew trades to cease from aiding independent and seceding unions.

President Gompers announced that the American Federation of Labor executive council, to be held in Washington February 11, will make public the decision of the United Hebrew Trades, the latter organization having asked for time to prepare its report.

WILSON'S PROGRAM OF PEACE.

For Absolute Freedom of Seas in Peace or War and Removal of Economic Barriers.

President Wilson, addressing a joint meeting of the two houses of Congress, unexpectedly summoned at 12.30 today, set forth what he said was the world's program of peace, therefore the program of the United States, and the only possible program as this country sees it.

The President laid down fourteen propositions covering this program and said that for such arrangement and covenant this country is willing to fight and to continue to fight until they are achieved.

The proposition, in the main, are similar to those uttered by the British Premier last week.

100 Drown in Yangtze.

Shanghai, Jan. 8.—One hundred lives were lost including the captain and chief officer, when the China Merchants' Navigation Company's steamer Poochi was sunk in a collision with the same company's steamer Hein-Change in the lower Yangtze.

The Poochi was of 1,019 tons.

British Destroyer Lost.

London, Jan. 8.—The admiralty reports the sinking of another British destroyer by a torpedo in the Mediterranean sea. Ten members of the crew, the report says, were lost, but all officers of the destroyer were saved.

BOSTONIANS CHILLED.

Many Residents of "Hub" Stay up all Night for Coal.

Boston, Mass., Jan. 8.—The police here today are having difficulty in controlling the thousands of persons that are gathered at the Metropolitan Coal Company's wharf awaiting the arrival of barges loaded with coal. Some of the men, women and children remained in the bitter cold all night awaiting their turn. Many fist fights have taken place and a number of arrests have been made.

Reports that the barges had been frozen in the ice below here caused a near riot. Some of those in line came from neighboring towns, since the coal shortage is being felt throughout this section.

None of the schools are open today, because of the failure of the officials to secure coal for heating. It is not known how long they will be closed.

DR. CHAMBERLAIN GUILTY.

Convicted of the Murder of His Brother—Sentenced to Imprisonment for Life.

Goochland, Va., Jan. 8.—Dr. Asa W. Chamberlain, physician, charged with the murder of his brother, Albert P. Chamberlain a former lawyer of Des Moines, Iowa, was found guilty at 10:15 o'clock this morning and was given a life sentence. Counsel for the defendant moved that the verdict be set aside on the ground of being contrary to law and evidence and misdirection of the court. The jury was out forty-eight minutes this morning.

The case went to the jury late last night.

Draft Cabinet Resigns.

Melbourne, Jan. 8.—The entire cabinet resigned today, the result of the recent vote against conscription.

Hon. F. G. Tudor, formerly minister of trade, was asked to form a new ministry.

Wants to Train Seagulls.

London. Jan. 8.—An Exmouth engineer wants to train seagulls as submarine spotters.

He would have periscopes established in the minds of the birds as places where food was obtainable and just leave the rest to them.

Prize of Gold Medal.

The Empire Social club, which holds dances every Friday night at the Elks' Hall, will give a prize of a gold medal to the winners of the one-step dance on Friday night of this week. Admission, gents 50 cents, ladies free. 6-5t.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT

Several Minor Cases Disposed of at Today's Session—Tribunal May be in Session Remainder of Week.

A grand jury in the United States Court for the Eastern district of Virginia, Judge Edmund Waddill presiding, yesterday afternoon returned true bills to five indictments preesnted as follows: Eva Baker, setting up a bawdy house within five miles of military camp; H. U. Roop, using canceled postage stamps in payment of postage; James R. Page, embezzling a parcel post package while in the mails; C. E. Russ, striking another while on a government reservation; George Peters, transporting liquor in violation of the Reed amendment.

Charles J. Price, charged with failing to register for the draft, was ordered to register, and acquitted. Albert Fletcher, also charged with failing to register, was released on his personal recognizance in the sum of $100 for the next term of court, and a nolle pros was entered in the case of Emmett Rector, charged with failing to register. As was stated yesterday in the Gazette, James Malcolm Elliott, charged with failure to register, was acquitted. He, too, was ordered to register.

Today in the bankruptcy case of R. P. Aitcheson and Bro., the sale of what was formerly the First National Bank, corner of Prince and Lee streets, to Wallace Lindsey was confirmed; also the sale of the two houses on the north side of Duke street, between Royal and Pitt, to Charles T. Nicholson, and the homestead, on the east side of Lee street btween Wolfe and Wilkes, to De W. Aitcheson.

Several cases were continued, including those in connection with condemnation proceedings for land upon which to erect postoffices at Leesburg and Quantico.

Several minor cases were nolprossed, and naturalization papers were issued in some cases.

Indictments were returned by the grand jury today as follows: Raymond O. Swartsbaugh and Harland Palmer, for stealing from the government reservation. The same men were also indicted for felonious assault with intent to kill. An indictment was also found against Joseph S. Craft for transporting liquor in violation of the Reed amendment. The cases against George Lucas Harry Zervis and George Koontis were dismissed. The grand jury adjourned until tomorrow. The case against Lankward McHenry and others will come up tomorrow.

GEORGE'S PEACE TERMS.

German Liberals Give Hope of Reconstruction Desired by the Allies.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Preliminary reports indicated today that Germany is indisposed to accept Lloyd George's peace terms as a basis for peace negotiations.

However, other advices showed that Germany's liberals are beginning to assert themselves more strongly than ever before. Hence this gave some hope that the internal reconstruction desired by the allies and the United States as a peace basis will eventually get under way.

The Liberals' opposition to Germany's annexation plans for Russia was considered as perhaps the most hopeful sign the Teuton mind has shown. While some here suggested that if Germany were to get the slice of Russia she wishes, peace could be obtained, the general feeling was that such a peace would only lead to trouble later. Protection against future wars is one of the main things the allies want, however, in any peace agreement now reached.

Some authorities say that, with England's fleet intact and guarding ports all over the world, England will shut Germany off from future world trade, while with Germany's militarism existent, she will constantly be a menace to the peace of Europe. Until these two nations are willing to make concessions in these respect peace will be difficult, the experts say, inasmuch as dollars and cents are at the basis of every war ever fought.

In some quarters here there was an inclination to believe that the first outbursts of the German press against Lloyd George's speech were government-inspired and that later Germany will maneuver into some sort of peace negotiations.

RED CROSS ACTIVITIES

Alexandria Branch Secures About 1,300 New Members in Recent Campaign Made in This City.

According to the reports submitted at the meeting of the committees held at the Chamber of Commerce last night the total number of new members secured for the Red Cross in the campaign recently held in Alexandria was approximately 1,300, which will bring the total membership of the Alexandria branch up to about 2,200.

Red Cross Workers Needed.

The work rooms of the Red Cross, located over Burke and Herbert's bank, will be open every Wednesday and Friday from 10 a. m., to 4 p. m., and a most earnest invitation is extended to ladies to help in this work as the needs are great and urgent. A luncheon will be served to the workers tomorrow, January 9th.

Telegram of Congratulations.

Chairman Robert S. Jones of the Alexandria branch is in receipt of the following telegram relating to the results accomplished throughout the country at large in the recent campaign for new members:

To the Chairmen of all Chapters: The following telegram from Henry P. Davidson, Chairmen of the Red Cross War Council, has just been received by the Hon. Henry White, manager of the Potomac Division, A. R. C.; "In congratulating you on all your efforts for the Red Cross and in extending my personal wishes for a Happy New Year may I request that the following message be considered as sent to you personally and officially and through you to all the Chapters and members of the Red Cross in your territory. Please also give this message to the press and such other publicity as you may consider worth while. "The latest reports available indicate that the Christmas Drive for ten million new members for the American Red Cross has resulted in the addition of fully sixteen million names to its rolls. This number added to the more than six million members before the Christmas Campaign makes the total present enrollment fully twenty-two million. This is a magnificent fact, an expression not alone of the patriotism out of the fine sympathy and idealism of the whole American people. The Red Cross War Council congratulates and welcomes every new member of the American Red Cross. Likewise it congratulates the officers and old members of the organization who have given unstintedly of their time and effort to make this membership campaign a success. But the wonderful achievement of enrolling one-fifth of the entire population of the United States as Members of the American Red Cross is less a triumph that is a call to greater service. The Red Cross is not merely a humanitarian organization serving [illegible] distinct from others, but it is the mobilized heart and spirit of the whole American people. The American Red Cross is carrying a message of love and sympathy to American soldiers and sailors and to the troops and civilian population of our allies in all parts of the world. It is seeking to alleviate the suffering incident to the war. It is seeking to shorten the war and it is seeking to lay a foundation for a more enduring peace when the war is over. As we stand on the threshold of a new year in this hour of world's tragedy there can be but one thought in the minds of the twenty-two million members of the American Red Cross and that is to serve and sacrifice as never before."

In Memoriam.

In sad but loving remembrance of my dear father who departed this life three years ago today, Jan. 8, 1915 in Alexandria, Va.

The month of January once more is here,
To me the saddest of the year,
Because it took from me away
My dear father three years ago today.

By his daughter, Isaphine Lowe
7-1t.

In Memoriam.

In sad but loving remembrance of by dear husband who departed this life three years ago today, Jan. 8, 1915, in Alexandria Va.

May God and his angels watch over you,
May your dear soul rest in peace
Until we come together again
In the land of everlastingness.

By his wife, Ella F. Edwards.
7-1t.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON
Except Sunday.

The Alexandria Gazette Corporation, 317 King Street, Alexandria, Va.

HOWARD W. SMITH, President and Treasurer.

WILLIAM ALBERT SMOOT, Vice President.

EDWIN BRADLEY HARD, Editor and General Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at Alexandria, Virginia as second class matter.

UNABLE TO ACT HONORABLY.

The war aims of the allies as outlined by the British premier puts Germany in a most embarrassing diplomatic position—that is, it would be embarrassing to any other government says the Richmond Virginian.

Lloyd-George tells in detail what the allies propose to accomplish by the war, not for selfish interests, but by the application of the principle of justice to all the peoples of all the world.

The contrast with the German answer as set forth by Count Czernin at Brest-Litovsk is exceedingly clear.

That Germany is not only unable but wholly unwilling to follow the path of justice is indicated by the reported refusal of the peace mission to transfer negotiations to Stockholm or any other neutral city. Were Germany willing and ready to consummate a just peace, it would undoubtedly be glad to have the negotiations carried on at a point accessible to the allies for the purpose of influencing allied opinion.

The burden for the continuation of the war is definitely upon the shoulders of the German government.

The Washington Herald observes that Prussian sparring for peace negotiations has no further objective so far as the Western nations are concerned. For home consumption in Germany it may be necessary to carry the pretense of a peace drive further. The allies have solved at a single stroke their own internal domestic problem, Germany is farther away than ever from solving hers. The failure of the Russian negotiations and the Lloyd George statement make that problem immeasurably more difficult—unless the German people are utterly unbalanced.

If the House of Hohenzollern and the Junkers who have underwritten it were nearing the end of their rope, we believe they would gladly make peace on the Lloyd George terms, since those terms do not specifically demand that autocratic rule in Germany must go.

But they are not at the end of their rope. The German people are a long way from revolution yet, despite their suffering. And the Prussian autocrats will not stop short of revolution. They will wreck Germany, as Louis XIV wrecked France, rather than admit defeat. The war map has nothing more clearly written on it than the inflexible resolve of the Kaiser to continue the war until he has achieved a "German peace"—or until the deluge.

The Philadelphia Record in commenting upon present conditions says that while it is true that the allies are not carrying on this war to dismember Germany, to exterminate the people, or to obliterate the Empire, it is nevertheless essential that the conditions of peace should leave no doubt in a single German mind that his country has been defeated; that the war was a failure, and that the "good old German Gott" has not designated Deutschland to rule over the world. The Germans have got to be cured of their belligerence. Their military prestige must be broken, or they will again break the peace of the world. They are already telling one another how they can recoup the waste of this war and get enough boy babies to afford a bigger army than ever in 1938. The results of this war must be such that she will understand that war does not pay.

ECHOES OF THE PAST.

A Richmond cotemporary on last Saturday published the following item from its file of fifty years ago:

"The death of George C. Wilde a Richmond journalist, recently brought to our mind a number of incidents connected with Richmond newspapers many years ago. Mr. Wilde was about ninety years old and was cotemporaneous with newspaper men of Richmond who flourished before and after the civil war. A newspaper man of those days who was not a pugilist or ready to meet an adversary upon the 'field of honor' was regarded as lacking the fine flue of his profession. This absurdity was continued until some time after the close of the civil war. The late Judge R. W. Hughes, it will be remembered, fought a duel with W. E. Cameron. They were newspaper men at the time. Later Editor Beirne and Editor Elam met on the so-called 'field of honor.' The latter was wounded, but he soon recovered. These were the last "affairs" among newspaper men of the Old Dominion.

Early on Saturday morning the police discovered upon certain walls and fences in the business part of the city a printed card, signed by Eccles Cuthbert, of the New York Herald, assailing the character of Dr. J. B. Brock, of the Enquirer and Examiner. The Chief of Police, knowing that the charges it contained were of a character likely to provoke a hostile meeting between the gentlemen whose names have been mentioned above, caused Dr. Brock to be bound over to keep the peace. Later in the day Ernest Wiltz, another reporter on the Examiner, and a friend of Dr. Brock's met Mr. Cuthbert on the Corner of Bank and Eleventh Streets, when there was an immediate resort to blows. The parties were soon separated, and Mr. Wiltz was arrested and recognized for his appearance before the Mayor this morning.

James P. Cowardin, of the Dispatch, and William H. Samuel, stenographer for the convention, came to blows Saturday. Samuel was very insulting to Mr. Cowardin, accusing him of falsehood, and Mr. Cowardin struck him several blows. Mr. Leahy, member of the convention, and other officials of that body took Samuel's part. Moses D. Handy, of the Dispatch, and G. W. James, marine reporter of the Enquirer, took Cowardin's part, and for a while it looked like a general knock-down-and-drag-out melee, when the police came to the front and soon quieted things down. All the parties were arrested and bound over to this morning.

THE SPECTRE OF FAMINE.

While the people of the United States are not facing famine, as are millions in Europe, the shadow of hunger occasionally precedes them But the sable horse and its rider with his balances are common objects on the other side of the world. This spectre is making it more and more plain that the time is coming—and virtually now is— when it will require about all the fruits of the earth to feed soldiers. We often hear of non-combatants in the warring countries literally starving to death, while millions of others are gradually wasting away by reason of lack of nutrition, while they endeavor to subsist upon vegetables and other products which cannot feed the fires of life.

While prices are soaring all the time in our country, we have, so far, been able to secure enough substantial food to meet actual requirements, but with the constant drain upon our resources, caused by making the United States the food depot of the allies, sooner or later the pinch of actual hunger is likely to be felt here.

The food situation in the allied counties of Europe is graver than it has been at any time since the beginning of the war, and is giving American government officials deep concern. Official reports picture extreme food shortage in England. France and Italy. The fact that conditions in Germany and Austria are far worse offers the only ground for optimism in viewing the situation.

The food position in England and France can without exaggeration, be described as critical and is causing the greatest anxiety and compulsory rationing is inevitable. The time is not far distant when long lines of people will be waiting in the severe weather in practically every town in England for the daily necessaries of life."

WAR AGAINST PROFANITY.

A campaign against profanity was launched last Sunday at Camp Meade, Md., by sermons in all the Knights of Columbus buildings and in three Y. M. C. A. buildings by Catholic priests. The priests took up this subject in about the same way at the numerous masses and will ask the cooperation of Protestant clergy at Camp Meade in pushing the same religious idea. In connection with this work "anti-cuss" cards with mirrors on the back are being distributed. The man who swears is asked to take a good look at himself while thus engaged. The same mirror may be used for shaving.

This movement should appeal to all, and while it is in order at all times, it is especially so during the war times. Most soldiers and sailors are prone to swear, and often camps and ships where vile expletives are common are compared to forecastles of East Indiamen.

There is no excuse for profanity, and swearing is especially condemned by the Great Teacher, as well as by one of his earliest disciples in his epistle in the New Testament.

During our civil war some soldiers and sailors who came here from northern cities used language which was original to the rising generation, and many of the youngsters of that day were apt scholars. Doubtless some of those in the southern ranks carried their local expressions with them and taught others.

Many good people are at present working assiduously to aid our soldiers and sailors in one way or another. The "anti-cuss" movement is one which shold enlist the interest of all.

TOO ELIMINATE JOBBERS.

Tennessee Fuel Administration Certain That Good Results Will Follow.

Memphis, Tenn., Jan. 8.—W. E. Meyer, fuel administrator for Tennessee, announced that he had recommended to Federal Fuel Administrator Garfield the elimination of the coal jobber throughout the nation during the period of the war. Statistics show, Mr. Meyer said, that jobbers sold 500,000,000 tons of coal in 1917 at profits ranging from 15 to 25 cents per ton. Their elimination, he declared, would save consumers from $75,000,000 to $125,000,000 yearly.

One Killed, Many Hurt.

New York, Jan. 8.—One man was killed and several persons were injured by falls yesterday on icy pavements.

LAST CALL FOR BARGAINS IN SWEATERS

We have a lot of Children's Sweaters

We are going to sell this week only for 50c

Were $1.00, $1.25, and $1.50 each Come early.

R. E. Knight & Son

621-622 King Street.

Who Sell Something of Most Everything.

Classified Advertising

FOR SALE—A 1915 Chevrolet automobile, in first class condition. Good bargain to quick purchaser. Inquire of Mt. Vernon Auto Co., Alexandria, Va. 307-tf.

WANTED—A stenographer. Apply to Castelberg, 935 Pennsylvania Ave., Washington, D. C. 7-tf.

WANTED—Two chamber maids and waitresses (white) for girls boarding school. References required. Address 1906 Florida Avenue. Washington, D. C. 7-6t.

LOST—Tan and white collie dog. Answers to the name of "Rags". Return to J. M. Jones, 1005 Gibbon street, Alexandria, and receive reward. 7-3t.

WANTED—Elderly woman, white or colored, to make home in small family. Inquire at 606 Queen Street. 6-3t.

WANTED—A cook for dredging machine. White or colored; salary $50 per month. Apply after 7 p. m. at 523 south Lee street. 7-3t.

We Want Live Energetic Salesmen to market our goods. Our contract will enable business getters to make $50 to $150 per week. Write us for information. The Buckeye Oil and Paint Co., Cleveland, Ohio. 5-2t.

WANTED——Typist with knowledge of stenography, as bill and correspondence clerk. Good salary and permanent position to right person. Apply to Bill Clerk, Care Gazette Office. 6-3t.

WANTED—A cook. Apply at 504 Duke street, Alexandria. 6-3t.

FOR SALE—Two houses with good tennants, 510 and 512 Oronoco street; $1,400 each. M. L. Horner, 612 King street. 309-tf.

LABORERS WANTED—Twenty-five men or women to clean bricks. Apply at Colross, Oronoco street, between Henry and Fayette. Julian D. Knight, Contractor. 5-3t.

SPECIAL NOTICES

The Annual Meeting of the members of the Independent Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Fairfax county, Va., will be held at the Company's office, Royal and Prince Streets, in Alexandria, Va., Monday, January 14, 1918, at ten o'clock a. m.

Walter Roberts, President
308td.

Notice.

The annual meeting of the Members of the German Co-operative Building Association No. 5 all Series, will be held at their office, 612 King street, Thursday, January 10, 1918, at 7:30 p. m.

Justus Schneider, Secretary.
3-td

MENINGITIS SPREADS.

Six New Cases Reported From Camp Jackson and Other Points in South Carolina.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 8.—Three new cases of spinal meningitis have been reported from different parts of the State to the State Board of Health, and three more cases developed among soldiers at Camp Jackson. An official of the United States Public Health Service has arrived here to co-operate with city and State health authorities in their efforts to prevent a further spread of meningitis both locally and in other parts of the State.

As a means of preventing possible contagion from troops at the local cantonment, city health officers requested the commanding officers at Camp Jackson to enforce the regulations put into effect last month denying troops access to the theaters.

There are now 134 cases of meningitis at the camp. Forty-five deaths have occurred among the soldiers recently from that cause, according to base hospital records.

VIGILANTS PROTEST.

Write Letters to Vice-President Demanding That La Follette Forfeit His Seat in Senate.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Letters of protest from forty authors and artists, members of the Vigilantes, an antipacifist organization, against the retention of his seat by Senator La Follette, have been received by Vice-President Marshall. In accordance with his recently established rule not to lay before the Senate communications received by him, the Vice-President announced that he had turned the letters over to various Senators, who will present them if they desire.

$5,500,000 Given by John D.

New York, Jan. 8.—John D. Rockefeller's check for $5,500,000, his gift to the Rockefeller Foundation to aid in war work has been received and steps are being taken to have the fund placed at the disposal of the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. divisions of the foundation.

The gift from Mr. Rockefeller, it is said, will make possible the continuance of the 1910 war program without drawing on the contingent fund of the foundation.

EXPECT VOLCANO TO SPURT.

Old Crater Vomiting Volumes of Dense Smoke, Showing Signs of Eruption.

San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, Jan. 8.—Irazu, a volcano of 11,200 fee thigh, near the city of Cartago, Costa Rica, is manifesting signs of eruption. The old crater is vomiting immense volumes of smoke. The populations of San Jose, the Costa Rican capital, Cartago and the neighboring towns are growing uneasy.

Baroness De Ridenau.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 8.—Mrs. James Neale, of this city, has received a message announcing the death of her daughter, Baroness Reidi de Rideau, of Austria, wife of the former Austrian minister to Mexico.

The baroness was formerly Miss Margaret Louise Magee, of Pittsburgh. Her death is said to have occurred on December 28 at Montreaux, Switzerland.

"The Store of Greater Service"

LANSBURGH & BRO

Washington, D. C.

In Accordiance

—with the request of the National Council of Defense we shall observe the following requests:

1st. Not more than one delivery per day over any route in any part of the District of Columbia.

2d. Return of merchandise limited to three days.

3d. No special deliveries sent.

4th. Deposit of 10 per cent on all C. O. D. purchases, with minimum deposit of 25c; said deposit nonreturnable.

OUR JANUARY CLEARANCE SALES AND WHITE SALES ARE NOW IN PROGRESS.

SAVE AND INVEST IN THE Safest Simplest Security Buy W. S. S.

WAR SAVING STAMPS

Issued by the UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

$4.12 January, 1918

Will Equal

$5.00 January, 1923

For Sale at Post Offices, Banks, Trust Companies and Other Authorized Agencies.

A COUNTRY WORTH FIGHTING FOR IS A COUNTRY WORTH SAVING FOR.

This space contributed by the three banks of Alexandria an the Alexandria Fertilizer Company.

WANTED AT ONCE.

At the highest cash prices,

20,000 Bags and

10,000 pounds Burlap

also all kinds of old junk, such as Old Iron, Rags, Rubber, Rope, Bones, Brass, Copper, Zinc, Lead and Metals of all kinds, also old Autos and Auto tires, etc.

We also buy all kinds of paper and Paper Stock, Bags and Burlap

Ship us your goods. We pay the highest prices. Checks mailed same day goods are received.

CAPITAL JUNK COMPANY

Phone 559W

1210 King street,

Alexandria, Va.

Bargains

1 Eletcric Lamp, was $7.50, now $5.50
1 Electric Lamp, was $10, now $7.00
1 Smoking Stand, was $2, now $1.25
2 Smoking Stands, was $3, now $2.25
1 Desk Set, .. was $6.00, now $4.00
1 Pyrex Baking Dish, was $5, now $3.75.

2 Nut Bowls, was $2.50, now $1.25
1 pair Candle Sticks, was $3.00 now $2.00.

Xmas Box Paper, was 25c, now 18c

S. F. DYSON & BRO.

Booksellers and Stationers.
420 King Street.

Insure the home NOW—don't delay another day. This is the season in which most fires occur. Insuring through this Agency means ABSOLUTE PROTECTION at regular rates.

LAURENCE STABLER

15 Prince Street, Alexandria Va.

"Not How Much, But How Good."

Athenic Bronze

The Artistic Ware, Vases, Desk Clocks, Candlesticks, Fern Dishes, Photo Frames and Smokers Articles.

Reasonable Prices.

R. C. ACTON & SONS

Jewelers and Silversmiths

CARTER BROS.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance.

We have what you want, in well located lots and houses, small farms, places with nice buildings, large stock and dairy farms.

We call your particular attention to Rosemont, where we have listed with us some very attractive homes and lots at very low prices.

George Washington Park, Braddock Heights, Mt Ida, Del Ray, and Cottage Park, have some attractive properties listed with us. Values in these most attractive and much-sought sub-divisions should certainly be to the interest of home seekers. Come and see us at once, as nice homes like these will not stay on the market long.

There is no trouble in getting a nice Factory site from us. We have some of the nicest and most desirable obtainable in this city.

It is our pleasure to help buyers of homes, manufacturing industries, and renters, and to do all that is within our power for the advancement of our city.

1318 King Street, Alexandria, Va. Phone 167.

Buy Alexandria Real Estate--NOW

Prices Are Surely to Advance Before the Spring

Here's a Few Investment Bargains at the Old Prices

Desirable frame dwelling at 310 North Patrick Street containing six rooms ad all modern improvements. Always rented at $12.00 per month. Price $1100.00.

Wellbuilt two story frame Dwelling 128 North Henry Street, containing six rooms. Sewer Tapped. Well rented at $11.75 per month. Price $1050.00.

Cosy two-story Frame Dwelling at 313 Wilkes Street. Containing five rooms all newly papered Rents for $8.50 per month. Price $800.00.

Further Particulars of

J. D. NORMOYLE

Real Estate and Renting Agent,

Corner King and Royal Streets.

Bell Phone 564. Notary Public.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
9TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

"THE BUSY CORNER"
S. Kann Sons & Co.
9TH ST. AND PENNA. AVE.

War Message

Following the instruction of the Council of National Defense we shall observe the following requests:

From now on, there shall be not more than one delivery in any one day over any route in any part of the District of Columbia.

The return of merchandise of all kinds shall be limited to three days from day of purchase.

The practise of having goods sent by Special Delivery shall be entirely abolished.

The following deposit shall be required on C. O. D. purchases; Ten per cent o fthe total amount of the purchase, with a minimum deposit of 25c, said deposit to be NON-RETURNABLE.

Electric Table Stoves

attach to any lamp socket and furnish a convenient and inexpensive method of cooking light meals.

The price is $7.50, choice of two varieties.

The cost of operation is four cents per hour.

Alexandria County Lighting Company

524 King Street Phone 193

A SPLENDID STOCK

We are prepared to supply your needs in Watches, Diamonds, Silver, ware, Cut Glass, Clocks, Photo, Frames, Toilet Sets, Manicure Sets, Gold-Filled and Solid Gold Articles, Spectacles, Eye Glasses, Pens, Pencils, Etc.

H. W. WILDT & SON, Jewelers
106 North Royal Street

USE LEADBEATER'S FLLAVORING EXTRACTS and SPICES FOR YOUR CHRISTMAS COOKING, UNEXCELLED FOR RICHNESS AND DELICACY.

Leadbeater Drug Corporation

Alexandrians, Attention!

You Who Are Property Owners.

This office is wrestling with Real Estate problems and even though our list of properties is large, we are unable to satisfy every client. Therefore, we appeal to you to list yours, whether it be improved or unimproved, furnished or unfurnished. Remember that with everybody's co-operation, Alexandria must and will become commercially important.

SEE US NOW

Graham & Ogden

530 King Street Alexandria, Va.

Rental Business Solicited

Having succeeded in renting every Apartment and Dwelling listed with me for rent, I now solicit for rent this class of property. I have daily calls from parties desiring to rent houses and if you have a house for rent would be pleased to take charge of same. I endeavor by paying strict attention to the Rental Business to get the best results possible for my clients.

Furnished Dwelling Desired.

I have a client who desires to rent an up to date furnished residence. In every respect a desirable tenant.

Samuel L. Monroe.

307 King Street. Bell Phone 444

NEWS OF THE OLD DOMINION

THE CHAMBERLAIN CASE.

Goochland Physician May Hear Jury's Decision Today.

Goochland, Va., Jan. 8.—Dr. Asa W. Chamberlain, accused of the murder on October 22 last of his brother, Judge Albert P. Chamberlain, at the home of the latter, near Elk Hill, this county, may know his fate today, his case having gone to the jury at 10:30 o'clock last night after a five days' trial.

The last witness for the defense was Mrs. Clara Axford, daughter of the doctor, who came here from Wyoming to comfort her father in his dire need and to testify as to the relations between him and his dead brother. She sought to show that the doctor had always been kindly, considerate of the judge and was his truest friend.

Before the case went to the jury at 10:30 o'clock last night, State Senator Louis O. Wendenburg, leading counsel for the Commonwealth, made an impassioned appeal to the jury demanding that the death penalty be inflicted, declaring that "God demands an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth, and a life for a life."

Attorney David Leake, associated with the prosecution, addressing the jury said that while the young wife and the daughter of the defendant had painted one picture of the husband and father, the Commonwealth has shown another.

"There is another picture," said Mr Leake. "A man was murdered in cold blood by his brother in a strange land. Judge Albert Chamberlain voice from beneath the sod cries out for vengeance.

"By his own admission Dr. Chamberlain was the last person to see his brother alive and he also admits that with his own hands he raqmed the nails under which his brothers dismembered body was buried."

MANY MINES CLOSED.

Breakdown of Generator Brings Hardships to Southwest Virginia Towns.

Roanoke, Va., Jan. 8.—It has been announced here in a state ent issued to the public by the local electric power company, that the burning out of the Appalachian Power Company's generator at Switchback, W. Va., on Friday, has resulted in the closing of eighty-eight mines in the Pocahontas and New River coal fields of the Norfolk and Western and the Virginian railways. The local company is limiting the supply of current to Roanoke in an effort to relieve the situation brought about by the breakdown of the Appalachian Power Company's steam plant.

The situation is said to be rendered more grave by low water in New River, on which is located one of the plants of the Appalachian company

Practically every town and city in Southwest Virginia and many in West Virginia are affected by the breakdown at Switchback, and complete relief is not expected inside of thirty days, it is stated.

KILLED WHILE COASTING.

Colored Boy's Sled Runs Under a Heavy Motor Truck in Roanoke.

Roanoke, Va., Jan. 8.—Earl Meens, a fourteen-year old colored boy, was killed while coasting Saturday afternoon, when he collided with a large automobile truck. The boy was coasting south on Third street down an extremely steep hill, between Patton and Gilmer avenues, and was going at a high rate of speed, and the truck, which was owned by the Standard Oil Company, was running east on Gilmer avenue. Meens and another colored boy named Dillard, were on separate sleds, close together, coming down the hill, and it is said that Dillard's sled passed under the truck but that Meens was a little way behind him, and was caught under one of the rear wheels of the heavy truck.

His neck was broken and his skull fractured. Dillard escaped with a slight injury to one arm.

CUTS THROAT WITH RAZOR.

Westernport Man, After Attack on Wife, Commits Suicide.

Westernport, Md., Jan. 8.—Following an attack on his wife, who wrested the razor from him, Bernardino Diesero, 35 years old, procured another razor at his home in Westernport early yesterday morning and ended his life by cutting his throat from ear to ear.

The mother and her 9-year-old son, who had also received a cut in trying to aid her, had fled to neighbors. Diesero had returned from a christening, where he had been drinking. A boy of 6 months, the youngest of their three children, was unharmed.

TANK TO VISIT RICHMOND.

"Britannia" Comes on Recruiting Tour of Southern Cities to Awaken British Subjects.

Richmond, Jan. 8.—"Britannia," a battle scarred veteran tank of the Flanders field, will lumber through the streets of Richmond within a few weeks on its tour through the south in the hope of inspiring British subjects to rally to their flag. Such was the report of Mr. A. P. Wilmer, British vice-consul in this city, though he was unable to give the exact date of its arrival.

This tank has recently gone through a series of demonstrations under battle conditions at Camp Upton, New York, and has started on its recruiting route, which leads through the Southern and central states where it is estimated that 175,000 British subjects including Canadians of military age are now living. The mission is headed by Brigadier-General W. A. White, and the tank is commanded by Captain Richard Haig, who was twice wounded while in charge of one on the western front. With him is a crew of veteran "Tommies."

British subjects in Virginia and in fact throughout the entire country have rallied to the cause of the homeland in a superb manner, stated Mr. Wilmer last night. A conservative estimate of their enlistment places it at 50 per cent of their entire number of military age. The "Recruiting Tank" is planned to awake those not yet with their colors, the call of duty.

The following cities will be included in the tour: Richmond, Atlanta, Augusta, Birmingham, Mobile, New Orleans, Memphis, Louisville and other cities throughout the central states.

JAMES T. TAYLOR DEAD.

He Was One of Twenty Negroes Who Sat in Constitutional Convention

Charlottesville, Va., Jan. 8.—James T. Taylor, aged seventy-eight years, one of the twenty negroes of the constitutional Convention of '67 and '68, died last week. After that convention it was the plan of Henry H. Wells and others who then had control of Virginia affairs to elect Taylor and other negroes to the House of Delegates, but General Schofield intervened and forced postponement of the election throughout the State, which, of course, put an end to Taylor's political aspirations, as the conservatives got control of Albemarle County and elected white men. Taylor, who was a native of Berryville, leaves his wife and nine children.

OD DO.

PEACE ROLLER STALLED.

Bolsheviki Refuses to be Trapped—Will Carry on Guerrilla Warfare.

London, Jan. 8.—Germany's great diplomatic peace steam roller is badly stalled for the moment at least.

First, the Bolsheviki threw a spoke into its wheels by their refusal to be trapped, and now the empire's "home front" is wavering.

The Socialists, majority and minority wings alike, have come out solidly and unequivocally against the camouflage clause on annexation. They side with the Russians on this issue.

In this critical interim, while Berlin is once more engulfed by a violent political battle, the allies are energetically preparing for the next stroke in their diplomatic counter offensive, opened by Premier Lloyd George's war aims speech yesterday.

The premiers of Britain, France and Italy, it was authoritatively stated, are getting ready for a momentous conference at Paris, preparatory to issuing a joint restatement of the three powers' war aims.

Meanwhile, at Russian army headquarters in the field, a war council is being held. Steps are being discussed that may lead to a resumption by Russia, not of military operations on a vast scale, such as an offensive of the Brusiloff type, but of active, energetic, guerrilla defense of the Russian lines.

Crisis Brings Revolt.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Spain is passing through another economic crisis which is resulting in a distinct revolutionary movement, according to dispatches printed by the Matin today.

Establishment of martial law throughout the monarchy is being considered.

Justices as Pistol Foes.

Chicago, Jan. 8.—Samuel Hawkins and Nazzarus Bambrunias, justices of the peace, forgot all about the dignity of their title and "mixed it" in the former's court room.

They will be tried by a neutral jus-

MUZZLING THE PRESS.

All Newspapers in Germany Subjugated to the Interests of the Kaiser.

Sensational evidence of the extent to which the Prussian government has subjugated the press of Germany to the interests of the Kaiser and his war party has been supplied to the Department of State.

Copies of secret and drastic regulations issued to German editors show not only that the German newspapers are prohibited from printing news that is bad, but are required to comment only in terms of praise on events of military and political nature. Following are some of the orders:

Should belittle size of Pershing's force.

Must not stir up labor discontent.

May print demands of Socialists if adversely commented on.

Must not print news of popular excesses and unrest.

May print only official reports on debates in Austrian Parliament.

Must not disclose movement through Germany of Russians sent back to Russia for pro-German propaganda.

Must not disclose importations of food from Holland and other neutral countries.

May print articles from enemy papers on collapse of Russia.

Must not print letters from the front discussing politics.

Must not print anything about fires in aviation camps.

Should emphasize Austrian successes on Italian front.

Must not compare trade figures with those of peace times.

Must not give expression to "sentiments hostile to Germany."

Should emphasize more strongly that there is no justification for enemy statements that submarine warfare has failed.

Should emphasize failure of enemy offensives on all fronts.

GERMANY'S ANSWER.

Allied Diplomats Expect Evasion of Lloyd George Proposals.

Germany will endeavor to make a prompt reply to the Lloyd George outline of peace terms This is the official belief in Washington.

Whatever the reply may be officials do not believe it will lead to peace. A reply which meets Lloyd George's terms in the same specious manner in which the German reply met the Bolsheviki offers will be rejected on its face. Almost any reply offered by the present German government will be rejected.

In one sense it is admitted here that Lloyd George's speech was somewhat of a surprise. It is believed that though the speech was primarily designed to answer the questions of British labor, it answered the Czernin peace proposals of the Teutons as effectively as could have been done through the joint declaration of war aims which has been in preparation almost ever since Col. House arrived in London as the President's representative to the interallied council.

Exchanges of views on war aims among the allies and the United States are still going on. If the Teutons directly or indirectly answer Lloyd George, it is intimated in Washington that the original plan will be followed and a joint statement be made.

ABOUT TO FREEZE TO DEATH.

Aged Brothers Found Near Death in Shack in Maryland.

Hagerstown, Md., Jan. 8.—Found half-starved and nearly frozen in their ramshackle home in the black hills along the Potomac river near Sandy Hook, Richard and Bernard Easton, aged and destitute brothers, were brought to this city and taken to the Washington county hospital for treatment for gangrene. They had been exposed to a week of the coldest weather ever known in this section. The hospital physicians are doubtful of their recovery.

The brothers, who had been partially supported by pensions granted them by the county lived like cave men in a sparcly settled section and cut wood and peeled bark in the hills to eke out a precarious living. A few days ago they were missed by neighbors and upon investigation both were found, helpless in their home having been without food or fire for some time.

Is Killed by Train.

Washington, N. J., Jan. 8.—The police here today have established the fact that Gustav Karser, fifty, who was killed by a train here Sunday, was an enemy alien. Karser was walking down the railroad tracks when overtaken by the train. He carried two revolvers, one of which was cut in two by the wheels.

SWAN BROS
King and Pitt Streets Alexandria, Virginia

Manhattan Shirts

At Reduced Prices

We will place on sale Wednesday morning some very choice Manhattan Shirts at reduced prices. In this Clearance Sale of Manhattan Shirts will be found a lot of fancy shirts, also several lines of white laundered Dress Shirts, which we are going to discontinue. Make early selections.

$1.75 Manhattan Shirts, now	$1.35
$2.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	$1.55
$5.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	$1.89
$5.00 Manhattan Shirts, now	$3.85
$6.50 Manhattan Shirts now	$4.85

OWNERS OF KING STREET PROPERTY

I have customers desiring places suitable for different business enterprises.

It is to your advantage to list what you have with me at once. No options on Alexandria property.

Your interest only is served.

M. L. HORNER
612 King Street

IMPORTANT NOTICE TO CONSUMERS OF COAL

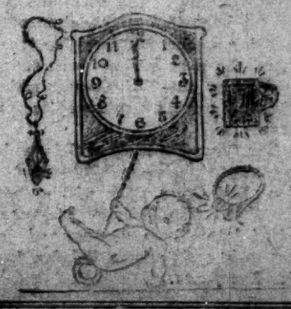
At the direction of the Fuel Administrator for Virginia, an order has been issued to the retail dealers of coal in this city and county, not to deliver coal to household consumers, in quantities in excess of two tons and then only when the consumer's supply on hand is two tons or less. This will make the maximum quantity of four tons at any one time. To larger consumers, deliveries are not to be made in quantities greater than the actual needs of the consumers for fifteen days, and then only when the consumer's supply on hand is less than their requirements for fifteen days. This will make the maximum quantity held by larger consumers at any one time, only sufficient for their actual needs for thirty days or less Industries buying coal in carload lots must obtain special permit from the Fuel Administrator.

To make this order effective, and to relieve the dealer of the responsibility and difficulty of ascertaining the supply any consumer has on hand, it is arranged that an affidavit be furnished by the purchasers of coal in excess of one-half ton (this affidavit can be made by any member of the family over sixteen years of age.) These forms for making the affidavits will be in the hands of the dealers, and notaries and the affidavits will be taken without charge, by any one of the following notaries public, who have offered their services to aid the Commission in this work:

Miss Gladys M. Brooks, room 1, Alexandria National bank building, W. C. Drury, 107 south Royal street; J. T. Burke, Burke and Herbert; Miss Cora Duffey, Office Clerk of Court; Courtland H. Davis, 121 south Royal street; Claude H. Crump, 1801 King street; M. L. Dinwiddie, Citizens National Bank; J. J. Green, First National Bank; E. J. Fleming, 119 south Fairfax street; A. C. Moss, Alexandria National Bank.

By order of

ALBERT BRYAN, D. N. RUST, Jr., GEO E. WARFIELD,
Fuel Commission, Alexandria city and County.



TIME TO SELECT

that New Year gift if ever. We suggest an article of good jewelry which will last a life time and be a constant reminder of the giver. Our cases contain a great many ideal gift ideas in jewelry. We invite an early inspection believing you will find here exactly what you seek within the limits of your purse.

Saunders & Son
620 King Street.

LAST ACT IN DRAMA?

Evangelist Charles Patterson Gives An Interesting Address at Elks' Home Last Night on the World War.

Basing his views upon the prophecies of the Bible, Evangelist Chas Patterson, Sunday night at the Elks auditorium, asserted that there never will be another world-empire until Christ comes and sets up His everlasting and universal kingdom. His address was an answer from the the open Bible to the question, "Will Germany rule the World?" "Never again will any single empire fill the world" was the answer. Continuing he said: "The crash of all empires is coming soon. In proof of this strong assertion I ask you to turn with me to the second chapter of Daniel. Here is portrayed the course of empires from Babylon, down through the ages, closing with the downfall of all nations, and the setting up of God's world-wide and eternal kingdom.

"A magnificent image, of gigantic form, is seen, 'This image's head was of fine gold, his breast and arms of silver, his belly and his thighs of brass, his legs of iron, and his feet part of iron and party of clay. Thou sawest till that a stone * * * smote the image upon the feet that were of iron and of clay, and break them in pieces and the stone that smote the image became a great mountain and filled the whole earth. Dan. 2:-31-35. "The prophet Daniel interprets it thus, as he addresses the Babylonian monarch: 'Thou art this head of gold, and after thee shall arise another kingdom inferior to thee, and another third kingdom of brass shall rule over the earth. And the fourth kingdom shall be as strong as iron * * * and whereas thou sawest the feet and toes part of potter's clay and part of iron, the kingdom shall be divided—they shall mingle themselves with the seed of men, but they shall not cleave one to another, even as iron is not mixed with miry clay. And in the days of these kings shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed. Dan. 2:37-44.

"I call to witness the fulfillment to the very letter. Beginning with Babylon, four world kingdoms arose consecutively to rule the world namely, Babylon, Medo-Persia, Greece and Rome. Babylon has gone and all her glory. Medo-Persia has long since passed away. Greece is almost forgotten. Rome, once 'proud mistress of the world,' is entirely and forever divided, Though strong as iron. Rome has remained divided fourteen hundred years. These divisions are now known as the modern nations of Western Europe, the great nations of today. In five short verse the living God foretold what the human historian takes volumes to tell. Iron and clay will not mix. The word of God cannot be broken. Mighty men have tried and planned and plotted to unite the divided kingdoms of Europe into one world-embracing empire. But earth's mightiest armies, headed by her greatest generals, were not sufficient to break the power of a few simple words of scripture. Napoleon attempted to accomplish what God said could never be done, but his dream of world- empire was rudely shattered at Waterloo. The scripture cannot be broken.

"No living man and no nation however great can create another world-wide kingdom. God said it could not be done, and that settles it. Seven short words spoken by the living God, will prove stronger than earth's greatest war lords and their hosts. Force failed to unite the divided kingdoms, so men tried another scheme. This too, the prophet foretold; 'They shall mingle themselves with the seed of men, but they shall not cleave one to another even as iron will not mix with miry clay. Witness how the reigning houses of Europe have intermarried with the fond hope of thus consolidating their power in order to unite these divided kingdoms. King George and Kaiser Wilhelm are first cousins, King George and Czar Nichols are also first cousins, Kaiser Wilhelm and Czar Nichols are cousins by marriage. The failure of these marriages to preserve peace between the royal houses is aptly expressed in the words of the prophecy 'They shall not cleave one to another.' It is the response of history to the voice of prophecy.

"And now the last act in God's drama of the ages is coming and coming soon. 'In the days of these kings shall the God of heaven set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed. For over fourteen centuries we have been living in the days of these kings and the coming of Christ in person to overthrow all and establish His everlasting kingdom, is the climax of this stupendous prophecy. The time is almost here. It will not come through the gateway of politics. The world will never be converted. It will come by the crash of all empires and the downfall of all nations. The coming kingdom! It ought to be the all absorbing topic with the present generation. Will you not be his subject forever in Christ."

Mr. Patterson will speak next Sunday night on "The Capture of Jerusalem—Will the Jews Return to Palestine.?"

U-BOAT SINKS U. S. SHIP.

Harry Luckenbach, Second of Firm's Steamers Lost, Carried Supplies.

An Atlantic Port, Jan. 8.—The Harry Luckenbach, an American steamer, was torpedoed and sunk with probably loss of life in the English channel, according to cable advices received here today by their owners.

The crew consisted of thirty men exclusive of the naval guard. Eight of the crew are missing. Further details are lacking.

The Harry Luckenbach was the second steamer owned by the Luckenbach Line to be sunk within three months. The first was the D. N. Luckenbach, five of whose crew perished when she was torpedoed October 27.

A number of the crew of the J. L. Luckenbach, another ship of the same line, lost their lives in October during a fight with a U-boat.

Gen. Pershing requisitioned the Harry Luckenbach about October 15 for use as a supply ship. She is supposed to have plied since that time between English and French ports.

She was commanded by Capt. E. S. Jones, registered 2,798 gross tons, was built in England in 1881 and was first named the Surrey, later the Michigan and finally was given the name she bore when sunk.

DAMPER ON PROPAGANDA.

Enemy Alien Census Taker and Teutons Sent to Restricted Zone.

Italy is enforcing the movement of Austrian and German families from Rome to Southern Italy through an exact census of all enemy aliens, according to dispatches received here. The government is determined that there shall be no repetition of German propaganda work in the capital or near the army.

Among the persons removed from the capital is Prof. Baloch, professor of ancient history in the University of Rome.

Dispatches tell of enthusiastic support of the war by both the Catholic and Socialist elements, despite the hardships.

An official denial is issued that there is any wireless apparatus in St. Peter's Cathedral, and it is denied that the Pope's Christmas peace message was distorted by the Italian news agency which sent it out. These details are taken to mark an era of better feeling between the Vatican and the government.

DEFENSES DESTROYED.

British Attack Hatum, on the Front Near Aden.

London, Jan. 8.—An official report received today from Aden, a British port on the Southern coast of Arabia, says that the British destroyed the defenses of Hatum on Saturday. Severe casualties were inflicted on the enemy.

Aden is a heavily fortified British protectorate at the entrance to the Red Sea. There have been infrequent reports of fighting in this region, but neither the British nor the Turks have had large forces engaged. In the summer of 1915 it was reported that the Turks, supported by Arabs, were threatening Aden, but since that time large numbers of the Arabian tribesmen have risen against Turkish domination, and there have been no military operations of consequence. The British effort in this instance was probably for the purpose of strengthening their defensive position.

CAMPFIRE GIRLS.

The State of Illinois has 94,000 of Them Who Are Doing Splendid Work for the Soldiers.

There are 94,000 Campfire Girls in the State of Illinois, and the new war program which they have recently issued has had the approval of President Wilson. The girls have achieved important practical results in knitting woolen comforts for the soldiers, the wool having been supplied mainly by the Red Cross, and the finished garments returned to that source.

The Campfire Girls of Chicago have contributed between $800 and $1,000 for Red Cross work within recent months. The Chicago girls are divided into three groups, and each group is caring for a Belgian family for five years.

K. OF C. CONVENES.

Adopts Rule Eliminating Payment of Dues by Men in U. S. Army.

New York, Jan. 8.—The board of directors of the supreme council of the Knights of Columbus began a two days' conference here Saturday to consider the general war activities of the order.

Walter Kernan, overseas commissioner of the order, who has been in France for several months investigating conditions relating to bases and field secretaries, reported at length of the proposed work. His report was not made public. It was learned, however, that Mr. Kernan recommended the appointment of a number of field secretaries, not within the draft age, and asked for boss workmen to supervise construction of portable buildings to care for men as close as possible to the trenches.

Directors from various parts of the country presented assurances that nearly $10,000,000 will be raised in this country for the war activities of the order in France.

The insurance board decided that members holding insurance April 6 1917, when war was declared, and who now are in the army or navy shall not pay any additional premiums on their policies.

POPE SENDS GREETINGS.

Urges People to Return to God, With View of Hastening End of Misfortune.

Rome, Jan. 8.—In thanking the Roman aristocracy for their Christmas and New Year's greetings, Pope Benedict expressed his appreciation that the nobility had indorsed "our words, with which we recently invited the peoples of the earth to return to God, with the view of hastening the end of the frightful misfortune which has afflicted the world for more than three years."

"We must return to Christ," the Pope added, "in order once more to enjoy the benefits of civilization."

The Pope raised his voice against the form of warfare used against undefended cities, and which causes victims among noncombatants, besides damaging churches and art treasures, thus increasing national hatreds.

PANIC IN RESTAURANT.

Large Plate Glass Window Shattered by a Flying Manhole.

Persons dining at the Globe Restaurant, Thirteenth and E streets northwest, Washington, last night were thrown into a panic when the large plate glass window was broken by the top of a manhole cover that had been blown off by an accumulation of gas.

The cover, according to the police, went off with an explosion that rivaled the famous French "75s."

Terrified women rushed to the street when the clang of the fire department gongs was heard, and excitement reigned until the police arrived from the First precinct and succeeded in moving the crowd.

Sunday night also Washingtonians were thrown in a frenzy when another manhole cover near the one which was blown off last night blew off and was lifted about twenty feet in the air.

READY FOR EVENTUALITIES.

Japan Prepared to Meet An Emergency at Vladivostok.

Tokyo, Jan. 8.—In view of the growing danger at Vladivostok, Russia Japan is now prepared for appropriate measures to meet any emergency, it was stated semi-officially today.

At the same time assurances were given the Japan army will not be mobilized "rashly."

However, Japan is ready to give full protection to allied subjects at Vladivostok, and to escort them from Russia, if necessary. Japan could thus fulfill her obligations to the Allies without making any hostile move toward Russia, it was pointed out.

Ever since the German allies entered into negotiations with Russia for a separate peace there has been an undercurrent of anxiety at Tokyo over the possibility of Germany securing a foothold at Vladivostok, where she could menace Japan.

DRINKS EVIDENCE.

Highwayman Holds up Passenger on Western Train And Empties Their Grips.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 8.—"I'm a government officer—show me booze if you've got any," said H. O. Goodwin, of the Kansas side, on a Santa Fe passenger train near Manhattan Kan.

A number of the passengers accommodated the supposed revenue officer by opening their grips, and he secured several quarts. Later he was found on the rear platform drinking the "evidence."

Goodwin was taken off the train at Manhatten and turned over to the Federal officials for having booze and for impersonating an officer.

FRENCH WAR LOAF.

Entire Wheat Crop Has Been Requisitioned by the Government.

Paris, Jan. 8.—Only the very poor and men and women doing the hardest kind of manual labor may have more than seven ounces of war bread a day in France from now on, the food administration has been advised by the French government. The entire French wheat crop has been requisitioned by the government.

This sacrifice has been accepted by the French people uncomplainingly on the government's explanation that only under such restriction can American re-enforcements be transported in ships that otherwise would carry grain for their bread and that, in addition, this grain for French bread can come from America only by virtue of actual saving by reduced consumption of bread by the American people.

"These extremely severe measures," said the French statement, "especially the seven ounces a day, have deeply impressed public opinion."

Men who are very poor or who do hard manual labor get about twenty-one ounces of bread a day; women who are very poor, or who are employed on hard work get about seventeen ounces a day; every one else gets seven ounces, which is less than half of a pound loaf, or not more than four or five slices.

BEATS HUSBAND TO DEATH.

Woman, Resisting Attack, Kills Spouse With Spiked Board.

Philadelphia, Jan. 8.—Declared by the police to have acted in self-defense, Mrs. Elizabeth Di Cecco beat her husband, Ulis, 48 years old, over the head with a spiked board late Saturday night, and the man died a few hours later in the Pennsylvania Hospital. The clubbing occurred in the Di Cecco home at No. 931 Ellsworth street. The woman was arrested and at a hearing before Magistrate Coward was held without bail for the Coroner. Carmello Di Cecco, 21 years old, a son who is said to have witnessed the assault, was held in $400 bail as a material witness.

According to the police, Di Cecco returned to his home drunk late Saturday night and began beating his wife. After the woman had been knocked down several times, it is said she went to the yard and procured a heavy board. There were several nails in it, the police say, and when she returned she struck him a blow on the head. Di Cecco dropped to the floor with a fractured skull. He was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital, where he died a few hours later.

INHUMAN SNARES

Traps of Devilish Design Used by Germans Against Allied Soldiers.

With the American Army in France, Jan. 8.—American soldiers have been warned against German "booby" traps and snares which the enemy is inventing as fast as the old ones are discovered.

Ground recently gained by the French and British turned out to be dotted with devilish devices that are against all civilized warfare, such as flat boards made to imitate lookout seats at the entrance of dugouts, one end of which connects with a hidden mine which explodes when the boards are touched.

On the floors of German trenches and dugouts have been found seesaw boards which, when stepped on, cause hidden bomb cases to explode. The Germans even used their unburied dead as snares for the advancing foe, placing coffins on top of others.

The removal of the topmost would offset a charge of high explosives and blow up parties attempting to give the enemy dead a Christian burial.

TO INSURE SAFETY.

New Bill Promises to Protect Eight Million Foreigners Employed in United States.

Washington, Jan. 8.—To insure safety to foreigners who have no real sympathy with the central powers from the operation of the alien enemy act, the House Foreign Relations Committee has reported out a bill exempting the following nationalities:

Poles, Alastians, Rutenians, Moravians, Slovaks, Roumanians, Hungarians, Serbians, Groats, Slovens, Italians and Lithuanians.

Some of each of these nationalities, except Alsatians, live within the Austro-Hungarian empire. Any legal doubt which might have remained after President Wilson's proclamation of exemption is sought to be removed by the bill.

Representative Sabath, of Illinois, author of the bill, says 8,000,000 workingmen vital to basic industries are affected.

DISPLAY BITTER FEELING.

Resentment at Unbearable Living Conditions Grows More Outspoken in Germany.

Washington, Jan. 8.—Resentment at almost unbearable living conditions is becoming daily more and more outspoken in Germany, according to German press reports received here by the Committee on Public Information. The committee has issued specimen newspaper stories among them excerpts from articles in the Vosische Zeitung and the Leipziger Volks Zeitung.

It appears to be illegal to gather wood in the common forests of Germany. The Bremen Buerger Zeitung tells what happened to a soldier's wife:

Mrs. Clara Ganter has removed from the common forest in Waldkirch one faggot of dry fir twigs of the value of 10 pfennigs. In punishment therefor she is sentenced to a fine of 1 mark and one day's imprisonment.

"The husband of the culprit has been for three years at the front. She herself has four small children to support in the direst poverty."

RECOGNIZES FINNS.

Formal Action Taken at the Order of the Kaiser.

Amsterdam, Jan. 8.—Germany has recognized the Finnish republic. An official dispatch from Berlin says that after the Russian government declared its willingness to recognize the independence of Finland as soon as the application of the Finns was received and after the Finnish government had taken a corresponding step at Petrograd, which was received favorably, the German emperor charged the imperial chancellor to express in the name of the German government recognition of the Finnish republic to plenipotentiaries of Finland now in Berlin.

Chancellor von Hertling received the plenipotentiaries Sunday and informed them Germany had recognized Finland.

86 BELOW ZERO IN YUKON.

Coldest Month in History of Territory Costs Many Lives.

Dawson, Y. T., Jan. 8.—December, 1917, was the coldest month in the history of the Yukon Territory, according to official records. The daily average temperature here was 51 degrees below zero. At Belly a Yukon River point between here and Whitehorse, the thermometer at one time during the month dropped to 86 below. The new year brought milder weather. More than 20 Dawson residents died of pneumonia, due to excessive cold.

Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

E-8

Notice Annual Meeting.

To the Stockholders of the National Manganese Corporation. The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Manganese Corporation will be held at 107 N. Fairfax Street, Alexandria, Va., on Tuesday, January 15, 1918, at 11:15 o'clock, a. m.

L. M. Larkin, Secretary.
1-td.

Lodge of Perfection.

The regular monthly meeting of Washington Memorial Lodge of Perfection No. 7, will be held in the Masonic Temple, Friday evening January 11, 1918, at 7:30. Immediately after the close of the lodge Virginia Consistory will meet for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year. All members are requested to be present.

F. W. Latham, Secretary
1-5t.

Office of The Alexandria Water Co., No. 111 north St. Asaph street.

Alexandria, Va., Jan. 7, 1918.

To the Stockholders

Notice—at a meeting the board of directors held this day a dividend of two dollars per share was declared payable January 15, 1918. Checks will be mailed stockholders.

Alexandria Water Co.,
By Geo. Uhler, Sec'y.
6-8t.

RICHMOND, WEDNESDAY, JAN. 9

"Fatty" Arbucle

In his latest Paramount comedy

"A Country Hero"

In this picture he assumes several brand new roles, including being a blacksmith, a chauffeur and a farmer.

Extra Attraction

LEW FIELDS

In Charles H. Harri's thrilling drama of heart appeal

"THE BARKER"

Richmond Tonight, William S. Hart in "The Silent Man"

Surprise Tonight, Bryant Washburn in "The Man who was Afraid"

Auto Owners Notice.

Auto Tire Repairing Our Specialty. Over 20 years experience back of every job.

There are 40 repair shops in Washington, yet we get a lot of work from there. Why? We do particular work for particular people.

Give us a trial. Ask your neighbor about us.

Leahy's Tire Hospital,

Opposite Police Station
Alexandria, Virginia.

Annual Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the stockholders of William Belmont and Co., Incorporated, will be held at the principal office of the company, No. 28 south Fairfax street, City of Alexandria Virginia on the 2nd day of January 1918 at 12 o'clock in the forenoon for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and transacting such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated, New York City, Jan 2, 1918.

Joseph H Schoenberger, Sec'y
1-12t.

Stockholders Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the West Brothers Brick Company will be held at the principal office of the company, 111 south Fairfax street, Alexandria, Va., Tuesday, Jan. 8, 1918, at twelve o'clock, noon.

1-2t William B. West, Sec'y.

Annual Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Columbia Granite & Dredging Corporation will be held at rooms 1 & 2, Alexandria National Bank Building, Alexandria, Virginia, on Thursday, January 17, 1918, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

A. G. Bonnett, Secretary.
310-td.

HENRY K. FIELD & COMPANY

Lumber and Mill Work

Quick Shipments — Grades Guaranteed

MONROE & MONROE, Inc.

113 NORTH ROYAL

GROCERIES

NEW ORLEANS AND PORTO RICO MOLASSES, SALT FISH OF ALL KINDS. NEW GOLD MEDAL BUCKWEAT FLOUR, GLUTEN FLOUR, AND GRAHAM FLOUR JUST RECLIVED.

Maryland, Delaware and Virginia Railway Co.

Steamers of this line leave Alexandria every Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 4:46 p. m.

FOR BALTIMORE AND ALL THE USUAL RIVER LANDINGS

Cuisine and appointments unexcelled.

Freight for Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York solicited and handled with care. Through rates and bills of lading issued.

Single fare to Baltimore, $3.25; with return trip $4.50. State room one way $2.00 and up.

THE WASHINGTON VIRGINIA RAILWAY CO.

In effect June 21, 1915, subject to Change Without Notice.

Leave Alexandria For Washington—Daily Except Sundays and Holidays: A M ---6 00 6 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 6 55, 7 10, 7 20, 7 30, 7 40, 7 50, 8 00, 8 10, 8 20, 8 40, 9 00, 9 20, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, 11 40, Noon, 12 00.

P M ---12 20, 12 40, 1 00, 1 20, 1 40, 2 00, 2 20, 2 40, 3 00, 3 20, 3 40, 4 00, 4 20, 4 40, 5 00, 5 20, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 7 00, 7 20, 7 35, 8 00, 8 20, 9 00, 9 40, 10 00, 10 20, 10 40, 11 00, 11 20, 11 55.

Sunday and Holidays, same as above except trains at 5 00, 5 40, 6 00, 6 20, 6 40, 7 15, 7 30, 7 50, and 8 10 A M and 11 55 P M.

Leave Alexandria For Mt. Vernon—A M ---Week Days---5 35, 6 55, 7 55, 8 55, 10 20, 11 30.—P M —12 20, 1 30, 2 30, 3 30, 4 20, 5 35, 6 40, 7 35, 9 00, 10 20, 11 50.

Sunday as above except 8 55 A M and 11 50 P M.

Washington Southern Ry.

Schedule in effect Jan. 6, 1918.

For Washington and points north daily 8:08, 8:23, 8:33, 10:28, 10:43, 11:13 a. m., 12:18, 1:28, 2:03, (Through train for New York, via P. R. R.) 4:28, 4:45, 8:33, 11:13, 11:33 p. m.

Week days only 6:30 p. m. Saturdays only 4:45 p. m., and Sundays only 8:18 p. m.

For Fredericksburg Richmond and points south at 1:37, 7:52 (local) and 9:47, a. m. 12:07, 3:22, 3:32, 5:17 (local) 7:02, 7:47, 9:47 p. m. daily.

Accommodation for Quantico 11:03 a. m. daily and 2:38 p. m. Saturdays. Night train leaves 11:20 p. m. daily for Fredericksburg and intermediate stations.

NOTE—Times of arrival and departure and connections not guaranteed.